Solving Harder Equations A19a/b

1) Solve the following

a)
$$2x + 3 = 19$$

b)
$$3x - 2 = 13$$

c)
$$5x - 1 = 9$$

d)
$$3 + 2x = 23$$

e)
$$12 - 3x = 9$$

2) Solve the following

a)
$$2(3x-1)=22$$

b)
$$3(x+7) = 18$$

c)
$$4(5x-2) = 12$$

d)
$$66 = 6(2x + 3)$$

e)
$$20 = 5(x-6)$$

3) Solve the following

a)
$$\frac{x-6}{2} = 3$$

b)
$$\frac{x+8}{3} = 5$$

c)
$$\frac{2x-1}{3} = 5$$

d)
$$\frac{6x+1}{2} = 8$$

e)
$$\frac{7x-3}{5} = 5$$

4) Solve the following

a)
$$2x + 7 = x + 12$$

b)
$$4x - 5 = 2x + 3$$

c)
$$7x + 2 = 3x + 26$$

d)
$$6x - 7 = 4x - 5$$

e)
$$3x + 4 = x - 7$$

5) Solve the following

a)
$$x - 6 = 2x - 13$$

b)
$$3x + 4 = 5x - 8$$

c)
$$4x + 17 = x - 4$$

d)
$$5 - 2x = x - 7$$

e)
$$2x-1=14-3x$$

6) Solve the following

a)
$$2(3x-1)=4x+7$$

b)
$$3(x+4) = 2(x-5)$$

c)
$$5(2x-3) = 3(3x+4)$$

d)
$$2(2x-1) = 5(2x-4)$$

e)
$$2(2x+3) = 5(x+3)$$

7) Solve the following

a)
$$\frac{2(x+1)}{3} = 6$$

b)
$$\frac{4(2x-3)}{5} = 4$$

c)
$$\frac{2(4x-5)}{3} = x + 10$$

d)
$$\frac{3(5x+4)}{2} = 7x - 8$$

e)
$$4-x=\frac{2(x+7)}{3}$$